

List of indicators

RAG Rating key

Green – on track

Amber – running below target

Red – missed target/Trigger met

Cambridge Local Plan 2018

policy no	indicator description	target	Meeting target?	Meeting target?	Meeting target?
-	-	-	2018/19 data	2011-2019 data	RAG rating
2	Amount and type of completed employment floorspace	To deliver an increase of at least 12 hectares of employment land	Net 66,870sqm / 6.35ha	Net 136,950sqm / - 13.03ha	Amber
2	Number of new jobs created	To deliver a net increase of 22,100 jobs in the Cambridge Local Authority Area between 2011 and 2031.	4,000	24,000	Green

3	<p>Greater Cambridge Housing Trajectory showing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • net additional dwellings completed in previous 	<p>To deliver a net increase of 14,000 residential units in Cambridge between 2011 and 2031. Housing trajectory to</p>	<p>868 dwellings completed in 2018/19</p> <p>Information about the housing trajectory, predicted future completions and the five</p>	<p>6,929 dwellings, a year by year breakdown is provided in table 1 in Appendix 2.</p>	Green
	<p>years and the current year;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • predicted completions in future years; • progress against the housing target for the plan period; and • rolling five year supply plus relevant buffer (jointly with Cambridge City Council). 	<p>demonstrate that this can be achieved</p>	<p>year supply is provided in the Housing Monitoring chapter.</p>		

3	Total dwellings completed annually and cumulatively in Greater Cambridge by development sequence	To focus development within Cambridge, on the edge of Cambridge, at new settlements and within the more sustainable villages in South Cambridgeshire categorised as Rural Centres and Minor Rural Centres.	2,020 dwellings completions in Greater Cambridge in 2018/19.	12,795 dwellings completions in Greater Cambridge between 2011 and 2019. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3,384 in the Cambridge Urban Area • 4,188 on the Edge of Cambridge • 431 in New Settlements • 1,563 in Rural centres • 952 in Minor Rural Centres • 627 in Group Villages • 235 in Infill Villages • 1,501 in the countryside 	Contextual indicator
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4	Amount of inappropriate development on the green belt	To restrict inappropriate development in the Green Belt unless very special circumstances have been accepted that outweigh any harm caused.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year there were no applications for inappropriate development permitted in the Green Belt without very special circumstances having been accepted that outweighed any harm caused.	Historic data from 2011-2017/18 monitoring year not captured.	Green
5	Proportion of journeys made by car, public transport, taxi, delivery vehicles and cycles	To increase the proportion of journeys made by car, public transport, taxi, delivery vehicles and cycles.	Transport updates are provided in Transport Monitoring Chapter	Transport updates are provided in Transport Monitoring Chapter	Transport updates are provided in Transport Monitoring Chapter
5	Delivery of schemes in the Transport Strategy for Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire (TSCSC), the Local Transport Plan (LTP) (or successor documents) and City Deal Projects	Contextual indicator, to provide information on the implementation of the development strategy against the development sequence, to inform the local plan review.	Transport updates are provided in Transport Monitoring Chapter	Transport updates are provided in Transport Monitoring Chapter	Transport updates are provided in Transport Monitoring Chapter

6	Amount of additional retail floor space	To increase retail floorspace in the city from 2011 to 2022 by 14,141 sqm (net).	Gross increase of 1,102sqm Net decrease of 3,044sqm, largely as a result of 2,800sqm of retail floorspace being lost to restaurant and leisure uses within the	Gross increase of 23,250sqm Net decrease of 3,962sqm	Amber
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			former BHS store at the Grafton Centre.		
10	Production of Spaces and Movement Supplementary Planning Document.	Production of Spaces and Movement Supplementary Planning Document	The Making Space for People: Vision, Aims and Objectives and Strategies consultation took place in September and October 2019.	N/A	Green
11	Percentage of A1 uses on primary shopping frontages	Retention of 70% A1 uses on primary shopping frontage unless adequate justification can be evidenced.	N/A – data not collected. See Retail Monitoring Chapter.	N/A – data not collected. See Retail Monitoring Chapter.	N/A – data not collected. See Retail Monitoring Chapter.

11	Percentage of A1 uses on secondary shopping frontages	Retention of 50% A1 uses on secondary shopping frontage unless adequate justification can be evidenced.	N/A – Data not collected. See Retail Monitoring Chapter.	N/A – data not collected. See Retail Monitoring Chapter.	N/A – data not collected. See Retail Monitoring Chapter.
12	Amount of additional retail floorspace within Grafton AOMC	Delivery of up to 12,000 sqm of retail floorspace.	0	0 – further explanation in the text of the Retail Monitoring Chapter	Amber
12	To produce the Grafton Area Supplementary Planning Document	To produce the Grafton Area Supplementary Planning Document	The Grafton Area Masterplan and Guidance SPD was adopted with the Cambridge Local Plan (2018) in October 2018	n/a	Green
13	Adoption of Cambridge East - Land North of Cherry Hinton Supplementary Planning Document	Adoption of Cambridge East - Land North of Cherry Hinton Supplementary Planning Document by 31 March 2019.	Following the adoption of both the Cambridge Local Plan in October 2018 and the South Cambridgeshire District Council Local Plan in September 2018, the Land North of Cherry Hinton SPD was adopted by South Cambridgeshire in	N/a	Green

			November 2018 and by Cambridge City Council in December 2018.		
13	Delivery of allocation R47 as specified by the Cambridge East - Land North of Cherry Hinton SPD for approximately 780 residential units.	Delivery of allocation R47 as specified by the Cambridge East - Land North of Cherry Hinton SPD for approximately 780 residential units.	Members resolved to approve outline planning application (18/0481/OUT and S/1231/18/OL) for a maximum of 1,200 homes, retirement living facility, a local centre, primary and secondary schools, community facilities, open spaces, and allotments at Joint Development Control Committee in June 2020. Allocation R47 forms part of this development.	n/a	Green

15	Adoption of Cambridge Northern Fringe East Area Action Plan.	Adoption of Cambridge Northern Fringe East Area Action Plan.	The North East Cambridge Area Action Plan: Issues and options document was prepared and consulted on between 11 February and 25	N/a	Green
			March 2019. Consultation on the draft area action plan is expected later in summer 2020.		
16	Adoption of South of Coldham's Lane masterplan before a planning application is submitted	Adoption of South of Coldham's Lane masterplan before a planning application is submitted	No update available	No update available	No update available
16	Delivery of urban country park and appropriate development as defined in the masterplan.	Delivery of urban country park and appropriate development as defined in the masterplan.	There is no update on the provision of an urban country park.	N/a	

17	Delivery of allocation M15 as specified by the consented planning application (06/0796/OUT) and completion of the development.	Delivery of allocation M15 as specified by the consented planning application (06/0796/OUT) and completion of the development. Target of up to 60,000 sqm of clinical research and treatment (D1) 130,000 sqm of biomedical and biotech research and development (B1(b)) 25,000 sqm of either clinical research and treatment (D1) or higher education or sui generis medical research institute uses.	An application by AstraZeneca (reference 19/1070/REM - Phase 1b) for a R&D Enabling Building of 13,197 sqm; an Amenities Hub of 3,261 sqm; associated car, motorbike and cycle parking including a Multi Storey Car Park; a temporary Multi Use Games Area; hard and soft landscaping; and internal roads, supporting facilities and ancillary infrastructure was approved in January 2020.	N/a	Green
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18	Progress towards development of allocation R42	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 18 and allocations R42 a, b, c and d, which includes up to 2,250 dwellings at Clay Farm; up to 600 at Trumpington Meadows; 286 at Glebe Farm and up to 347 at the Bell School Site.	Updates on allocated sites are provided in the Allocations Monitoring Chapter	<p>R42a (Clay Farm) - A total of 1,944 dwellings had been completed by March 2019.</p> <p>R42b (Trumpington Meadows) - 494 dwellings had been completed in Cambridge by March 2019. A further 322 dwellings had been completed in South Cambridgeshire.</p> <p>R42c (Glebe Farm) - all 287 dwellings were completed by March 2016.</p> <p>R42d (Bell School) – 238 dwellings had been completed by March 2019.</p>	Green
19	Completion of West Cambridge Masterplan	Approval of West Cambridge masterplan/outline planning permission by 31 March 2019	Outline permission for the West Cambridge site remains pending consideration.	The outline permission remains pending whilst further discussions continue to take place between parties.	Red

19	Delivery of allocation M13 as defined in the masterplan/outline planning permission.	Delivery of allocation M13 as defined in the masterplan/outline planning permission.	This indicator cannot be monitored until the masterplan has been approved	N/a	This indicator cannot be monitored until the masterplan
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					has been approved
20	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 20 and allocation R43 for up to 1,780 dwellings	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 20 and allocation R43 for up to 1,780 dwellings	A reserved matters application for residential parcel BDW2 on Darwin Green 1 for 330 homes (19/1056/REM) is under consideration. Full details of permissions on the NIAB frontage site and main site are provided in the allocations chapter.	N/a	Green

21	Progress towards mixed use development and principal land uses as identified in Policy 21 for allocations Station Area West (1) and (2) (allocations M14 and M44) and Clifton Road Area (allocation M2).	Progress towards mixed use development and principal land uses as identified in Policy 21 for allocations Station Area West (1) and (2) (allocations M14 and M44) and Clifton Road Area (allocation M2).	<p>At M14: an application (18/1678/FUL) for erection of two new buildings comprising 5,351sqm of B1(a)/B1(b) floorspace, an apart-hotel and multi-storey car park for Network Rail is being considered.</p> <p>At M44, the landowners have carried out public consultation events to seek views on their ideas and proposals for this site as “a forward-thinking office scheme to act as a gateway to Cambridge,</p>	N/a	Amber
			<p>with an energised and visionary workspace at its heart”.</p> <p>At M2, a planning application is expected to be submitted in 2020/2021.</p>		

22	Adoption of Mitcham's Corner Development Framework SPD before a planning application is submitted.	Adoption of Mitcham's Corner Development Framework SPD before a planning application is submitted.	The Mitcham's Corner Development Framework was adopted in January 2017	N/a	Green
22	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 22 and allocation R4 for approximately 48 dwellings	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 22 and allocation R4 for approximately 48 dwellings	The site is not expected to come available until 2029/30	N/a	
24	Adoption of Mill Road Depot Planning and Development Brief SPD before a planning application is submitted.	Adoption of Mill Road Depot Planning and Development Brief SPD before a planning application is submitted.	R10 - Mill Road Depot Development Framework was adopted with the Cambridge Local Plan (2018) in October 2018.	N/a	Green
24	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 24 and allocations R10 (for approximately 167 dwellings), R21 (for approximately 128 dwellings and up to 1 hectare employment	Progress towards housing provision as identified in Policy 24 and allocations R10 (for approximately 167 dwellings), R21 (for approximately 128 dwellings and up to 1 hectare employment	R10 – Following the grant of permissions 17/2245/FUL, 18/1947/S73 and 19/0175/FUL, development is underway on site. The first residential completions	N/a	Amber

	floorspace) and R9 (for up to 49 dwellings).	floorspace) and R9 (for up to 49 dwellings).	are expected in Spring 2020. R9 – An application has not yet been submitted. R21 – Part of the site (314-349 Mill Road) has been developed under 14/1496/FUL following grant of permission at appeal for a student scheme of 270 rooms.		
25	Progress towards development of sites M5 (20 residential units over 0.5 ha of employment) and E5 (1.4ha of employment uses) as identified in Policy 25.	Progress towards development of sites M5 (20 residential units over 0.5 ha of employment) and E5 (1.4ha of employment uses) as identified in Policy 25.	No update available	N/a	No update available

26	Approval of Old Press/Mill Lane masterplan/outline planning permission by 31 March 2021.	Approval of Old Press/Mill Lane masterplan/outline planning permission by 31 March 2021.	An initial application for the redevelopment for the southern part of the site was submitted in January 2019. This was heard at planning committee on 11 June 2019 where members resolved to approve the application in accordance with the officer recommendation. The application remains undetermined due to the need to resolve the s106	The application with the resolution of approval from June 2019 forms only part of the allocation.	Amber
			agreement prior to issuing a decision.		

26	Delivery of Old Press/Mill Lane as defined in the masterplan/outline planning permission and SPD.	Delivery of Old Press/Mill Lane as defined in the masterplan/outline planning permission and SPD.	An initial application for the redevelopment of the southern part of the site was submitted in January 2019. This was heard at planning committee on 11 June 2019 where members resolved to approve the application in accordance with the officer recommendation. The application remains undetermined due to the need to resolve the s106 agreement prior to issuing a decision.	The application with resolution of approval from June 2019 forms only part of the allocation.	Amber
27	Progress of GB1 & 2 towards the housing targets of 200 and 230 residential units.	Progress of GB1 & 2 towards the housing targets of 200 and 230 residential units.	In March 2020 an outline application was submitted for up to 200 dwellings at GB1. An application for 230 dwellings and associated facilities at GB2 is being considered by the council.	N/a	Green

27	Progress of GB3 & 4 towards the identified employment floorspace target of 25,193 sqm by	Progress of GB3 & 4 towards the identified employment floorspace target of 25,193 sqm by	An application for redevelopment of part of the site was approved in 2015 and works are	N/a	Green
	the end of the plan period.	the end of the plan period.	underway. Two applications for screening opinions for different options for the development of part of the site were submitted in July 2019		
28	Number of non-residential completions delivered at BREEAM 'very good/excellent and maximum credits for water consumption	An increase in the number of non-residential completions (where applicable) delivered at BREEAM 'very good'/'excellent' and maximum credits for water consumption.	New policies so no completions yet. Permissions granted which were eligible to be considered against this policy were reviewed and the result is provided in para 3.38 of the text	No data from 2011 to 2017/18 monitoring year as a new requirement of the 2018 Local Plan	Amber

28	Percentage of new dwellings which achieve 110L water per person per day	That all new dwellings permitted will be designed to achieve water consumption levels of 110 litres per person per day or less	Amber – new policies so no completions yet. Permissions granted which were eligible to be considered against this policy were reviewed and the result is provided in para 3.38 of the text	No data from 2011 to 2017/18 monitoring year as a new requirement of the 2018 Local Plan	Amber
28	Production of Sustainable Design and Construction SPD including water efficiency guidance	Production of Sustainable Design and Construction SPD including water efficiency guidance.	The Greater Cambridge Sustainable Design and Construction SPD was adopted by both councils in January 2020.	N/a	Green
28	Number of schemes connected to strategic district heating	Connection of all schemes located within the strategic district	Data unavailable	Data unavailable	Data unavailable
		heating area to district heating where available.			

31	The adoption of a Flooding and Water SPD	The adoption of a Flooding and Water SPD which will enforce the requirement for developers to submit a drainage strategy by 31 March 2019	The Cambridgeshire Flood and Water SPD was adopted by both council following the adoption of the two new Local Plans in September and October of 2018	N/a	Green
31	Number of planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on water quality grounds	No planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on water quality grounds without appropriate conditions.	0	0	Green
32	Number of planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on flooding grounds	No planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on flooding grounds without appropriate conditions and / or submission of a satisfactory flood risk assessment	0	0	Green

36	Air quality	To improve air quality especially within Air Quality Management Areas	In Cambridge, the recoded nitrogen dioxide levels in 2018-2019 were overall slightly lower than the previous year. The levels of PM10 in	The average nitrogen dioxide concentration and PM10 levels have been below legal limits since monitoring records started in 2014 up the	Green
			Cambridge are below the legal limits.	current monitoring year (2018/19)	
40	Amount of additional business floorspace	Increase in business floorspace by 70,000 sqm	Net increase of 66,870sqm	Net increase of 136,950sqm	Green
41	Amount of employment land lost to other nonemployment uses	To limit the amount of employment land lost to non-employment uses.	0.28ha (This excludes employment land lost on land allocated for alternative uses)	16.29ha (This excludes employment land lost on land allocated for alternative uses)	N/a – no target

43	Progress development of specific sites for university development	To progress development of specific sites mentioned in the policy including New Museums, Mill Lane/Old Press, Eastern Gateway or near East Road, West Cambridge and Cambridge Biomedical Campus against the relevant SPDs or planning permissions.	Updates on allocated sites are provided in the Allocations Monitoring Chapter	N/a	N/a
43	Amount of available land for university growth	To ensure there is sufficient land to support the growth of the Universities.	N/a	N/a	N/a
45	Amount of and mixture of tenure of affordable housing completion	To deliver affordable housing on developments as set out in Policy 45. To deliver a mix of housing to meet the needs of different groups in the	345 affordable units completed over the 2018/2019 monitoring year. This accounts for 40% of all completions in Cambridge in the 2018/19 monitoring year.	2,505 completions over the period 2011 to 2019. This accounts for 36% of all completions over the same period	Contextual indicator – no target

		community. To increase the delivery of affordable housing to respond to the high level of need identified			
46	Amount of student accommodation delivered which is specific to an educational institutions and speculative	Target: To ensure student accommodation built meets the specific needs of a named institution or institutions.	The requirement for student accommodation to be tied to an educational institution is new to policy 46 and there have not yet been any completions which were considered against this policy.	The requirement for student accommodation to be tied to an educational institution is new to policy 46 and there have not yet been any completions which were considered against this policy.	It is not yet possible to monitor whether completions have been tied to a named institution.

46	Amount of student accommodation delivered which is specific to an educational institutions and speculative	Trigger: Amount completed of student accommodation exceeds recognised need of 3,104 to 2026 as guided by the Assessment of Student Housing Demand and Supply for Cambridge City Council or successor document.	552 completed student rooms (gross and net) in 2018/19	Between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2019 a total of 1,620 student rooms have been completed.	Green
49	Number of caravans on unauthorised Gypsy and Traveller sites	To monitor the number of caravans on unauthorised Gypsy & Travellers sites. Sufficient sites coming forward to meet identified needs of those that meet the	0	Numbers have varied in previous year. Data available in Table 17	No identified need in Cambridge

		planning definition of Gypsies and Travellers and those that do not meet the definition but can demonstrate a cultural need for caravan accommodation.			
52	Number of new residential developments on existing residential plots	To ensure no subdivision of existing dwelling plots in order to provide further residential accommodation.	18 dwellings were completed on garden land in Cambridge in the 2018/19 monitoring year	180 dwellings were completed on garden land in Cambridge in the period between 2011 and 2019	Analysis of the use of policy 52 is presented in the text of the Housing Monitoring Chapter
54	Delivery of RM1	Delivery of allocation RM1 as specified in Appendix B of the Cambridge Local Plan 2014.	No update.	No update	N/a
62	Amount of local heritage assets lost	To retain local heritage assets	In the 2018/19 monitoring year there were 467 Buildings of Local Interest; an increase of 7 on the 2017/18 monitoring year.	Historic data for 2011-2017/18 monitoring year is unavailable	Green – No loss

67	Amount of Protected Open Space available	Retention of protected open space within the Local Authority area unless appropriate mitigation can be implemented or justified.	Some provisional open space data is provided in table 94. This has been calculated using aerial photography and has not been subject to a site visit	Historic data for 2011/2017/18 monitoring year is unavailable	Unable to compare with previous years
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			so may need to be revised in future.		
68	Amount of new protected open space secured through new development	Net gain of protected open spaces through new development.	Data unavailable this year	Historic data for 2011/2017/18 monitoring year is unavailable	Unable to compare to previous data.
69	Change in the areas of local nature conservation importance	No loss in the areas of local nature conservation importance as a result of new development where no mitigation has been provided.	No change in the 2018/19 monitoring year	No change in the period 2011-2019	Green

70	Amount of land within SSSI and quality of SSSI	No loss of land within SSSI as a result of new development where no mitigation has been provided. No deterioration of SSSI as a result of new development.	No change in the 2018/19 monitoring year	15.03ha 93.5% of which is in 'favourable' or 'unfavourable recovering' condition since beginning of monitoring period (2011)	Green
72	Percentage of A1 uses within district centres	To ensure that the proportion of retail (A1) uses in the district centres does not fall below 55%. Retention of an appropriate balance and mix of uses within Local and	In 2019, 3 of 6 District Centres reports 55% or more in A1 use.	Previous survey in 2013 found only 1 of 6 District centres with 55% or more A1 uses	Red
		Neighbourhood Centres.			

73	Amount of community and leisure floorspace gained/lost	To deliver new types of community and/ or leisure facilities.	There has been a net increase of 559sqm of D1 floorspace and 3,574sqm of D2 floorspace in the 2018/19 monitoring year.	There has been a net increase of 15,200sqm of D1 floorspace and 31,405sqm of D2 floorspace over the period 2011-2019	N/a contextual indicator
76	Number of public houses (as identified with appendix c) lost?	To retain public houses identified within Appendix C of the Cambridge Local Plan.	An updated survey of public houses is required and will be available in future years. The updated survey is expected in Spring 2021.	No data available from 2011 to 2019	N/a no data available
77	Number of hotel bed spaces approved	Development of up to 1,500 additional bedspaces, as identified in the Cambridge Hotel Futures Study or successor document.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year there was one hotel completion for 18 hotel bedrooms at Homerton College	Data from previous years unavailable	Data from previous years unavailable
77	Location of new hotels	Monitor the location of new hotels in line with the identified locations set out in Policy 77 and	The additional 18 bedrooms are on Harrison Drive	Data from previous years unavailable	N/a contextual indicator

		the requirements of National Town Centre Policy (NPPF 2012, paragraph 24).			
78	Number of hotel bed spaces lost	To protect the loss of hotel accommodation	No hotel bedrooms were lost in the 2018/19 monitoring year.	Data not collected in previous years	Green
85	Amount of S106 money secured for infrastructure through development	To secure sufficient infrastructure capacity to support and meet all the requirements arising from the new development.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year £1,014,817 was secured through S106 agreement. £1,614,664 in S106 money was received by the council in the 2018/19 monitoring year.	Data on s106 money secured and received from 2014 – 2019 is provided in table 122	N/a

South Cambridgeshire Local Plan (2018)

Indicator Number	Indicator Description	Policy	Target	Meeting target?	Meeting target?	Meeting target?
-	-	-	-	2018/19	2011-2019	RAG
M1	<p>Greater Cambridge Housing Trajectory showing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • net additional dwellings completed in previous years and the current year; • predicted completions in future years; • progress against the housing target for the plan period; • rolling five year supply plus relevant buffer (jointly with Cambridge City Council). 	S/5	To deliver a net increase of 19,500 homes in the district between 2011 and 2031. Housing trajectory to demonstrate that this can be achieved. To demonstrate a five year supply of housing land (plus relevant buffer) jointly with Cambridge City Council. Housing trajectory and accompanying five year supply calculations to show whether this can be demonstrated.	<p>1,152 dwellings completed in 2018/19</p> <p>Information about the housing trajectory, predicted future completions and the five year supply is provided in the Housing Monitoring chapter.</p>	5,866 dwellings, a year by year breakdown is provided in table 1 of appendix 2.	Green

M2	Total dwellings completed annually and cumulatively in Greater Cambridge by development sequence, including by settlement category within the rural area	S/6, S/7, S/8, S/9, S/10, S/11	Contextual indicator, to provide information on the implementation of the development strategy against the development sequence, to inform the Local Plan review.	2,020 dwellings completions in Greater Cambridge in 2018/19.	12,795 dwellings completions in Greater Cambridge between 2011 and 2019. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3,384 in the Cambridge Urban Area • 4,188 on the Edge of Cambridge • 431 in New Settlements • 1,563 in Rural Centres • 952 in Minor Rural Centres • 627 in Group Villages • 235 in Infill Villages • 1,501 in the countryside 	Contextual indicator Breakdown of completions by settlement category in table 2 of appendix 2
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M3	Affordable housing completions	S/5	Contextual indicator, to provide information on delivery of affordable housing.	341 affordable dwelling completions in 2018/19	1,482 affordable dwelling completions between 2011 and 2019	N/a contextual indicator
M4	Amount and type of completed employment		Contextual indicator, to provide information on the implementation of	10.91ha of employment completions (of a total	98.77ha of employment completions (out of	N/a contextual indicator

	floorspace on previously developed land		the development strategy and the use of previously developed land.	of 22.18ha) were on previously developed land in the 2018/19 monitoring year.	a total of 143.62ha) were on brownfield land between 2011 and 2019	
M5	Percentage of new and converted dwellings completed on previously developed land		Contextual indicator, to provide information on the implementation of the development strategy and the use of previously developed land.	17% of new and converted dwellings were on previously developed land in the 2018/19 monitoring year	The percentage of dwellings on previously developed land has fluctuated from between 17% (2018/19) to 46% (2014/15)	N/a contextual indicator

M6	<p>Number of new jobs created</p> <p>Amount and type of completed and committed employment floorspace and land</p>	S/5	<p>Delivery of additional 22,000 jobs in the district between 2011 and 2031.</p> <p>Maintain employment land supply to enable delivery of forecast jobs in 'B' use classes.</p>	<p>In 2018 there was a reduction of 3,000 in the number of jobs in South Cambridgeshire.</p> <p>Net 59,620sqm / 17.76ha of employment land completed in the 2018/19 monitoring year</p>	<p>Over the period of 2011-2018 14,000 jobs have been created</p> <p>Net 177,318sqm / 70.52ha of employment land completed over the plan period (2011-2019)</p>	Green
M7	Progress and development on strategic site allocations	SS/1 – SS/8, TI/1	<p>To deliver new mixed use development or redevelopment at Orchard Park, land between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road (NIAB / Darwin Green), Cambridge East, Waterbeach New</p>	<p>Orchard Park – outline permission for the whole site was granted in 2005 and has largely been implemented.</p> <p>NIAB/Darwin Green 2&3 – The</p>	-	Green

			<p>Town, Bourn Airfield New Village, and Cambourne West.</p>	<p>housebuilder has advised that they intend to submit an outline planning application for this development in July 2020. Full details are provided in the allocations chapter.</p> <p>Cambridge East - Members resolved to approve outline planning application (18/0481/OUT and S/1231/18/OL) for a maximum of 1,200 homes, retirement living facility, a local centre, primary and secondary schools, community facilities, open spaces, and allotments at Joint Development Control Committee in June 2020.</p> <p>Waterbeach new town – Outline</p>		
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				permission for up to 6,500 dwellings at the western end of the		
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				<p>site with retail, community, leisure and sports facilities and a hotel was approved in September 2019. At the eastern end of the site, outline permission for up to 4,500 dwellings with business, retails, community, leisure and sports uses, open space and schools was submitted in May 2018 and is under consideration.</p> <p>Bourn Airfield New Village – Outline permission for 3,400 dwellings, employment, retail, leisure and a hotel was submitted in September 2018 and is under consideration.</p>		
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				Cambourne West – outline permission was granted in December 2017 and		
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				three subsequent reserved matters applications have been approved for phase 1.		
M8	Renewable energy capacity installed and with planning permission by type	CC/2, CC/3	To increase the generation of renewable energy within the district.	<p>A total of 0.1795MW of renewable energy capacity was installed in the 2018/19 monitoring year. This was made up of 0.1765 MW from photovoltaic and 0.003 MW from hydropower.</p> <p>A total of 4.3129 MW of renewable energy capacity had planning permission at 31 March 2019.</p>	A total of 293.6645MW of renewable energy capacity was installed between 2011/12 and the 2018/19 monitoring year.	Green

M9	Proportion of development proposals permitted, for all new dwellings and new non-residential buildings of 1,000m ² or more, reducing carbon emissions by a minimum of 10% using on site	CC/3	That all development proposals for all new dwellings and new non- residential buildings of 1,000m ² or more will reduce carbon emissions by a minimum of 10% using on site renewable and low carbon energy technologies.	There were 3 permissions for in excess of 1,000sqm of floorspace for nonresidential schemes between the period when the Local Plan was adopted in September 2018 and the end of the monitoring year 31	Data for previous years unavailable as the requirement relates to a policy in the 2018 Local Plan.	Amber
	renewable and low carbon energy technologies			March 2019. Of these 3 permissions, one had a condition to control carbon reduction. There were 11 eligible residential approvals of this period and 4 of these included a condition to require carbon reduction measures. A total of 38% of eligible applications had the		

				condition applied. Further information in Paragraph 3.39 of the report		
M10	Number of planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on water quality grounds	CC/7	No planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on water quality grounds without appropriate conditions.	0 in the 2018/19 monitoring year	2 in 2011/12 and 1 in 2012/13, all of which were subject to amendments or conditions to overcome the Environment Agency's objection	Green

M11	Number of planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on flooding grounds	CC/9	No planning permissions granted where the Environment Agency initially objected on flooding grounds without	0 in the 2018/19 monitoring year	A total of 40 over the period of 2011-2019, all of which were subject to amendments or conditions to	Green
			appropriate conditions and / or submission of a satisfactory flood risk assessment.		overcome the Environment Agency's objection	

M12	Proportion of new homes permitted achieving water consumption levels equivalent to 110 litres per person per day or less	CC/4	That all new dwellings permitted will be designed to achieve water consumption levels of 110 litres per person per day or less.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year (since the adoption of the 2018 Local Plan in September 2018) there were 93 applications for residential development determined which were eligible for the condition to be imposed and of those 58% included a condition to deal with water efficiency. Further information in paragraph 3.38 of the report.	Data only available post September 2018 as relates to particular requirement of Policy CC/4	Amber
M13	Proportion of non-residential developments permitted demonstrating a minimum water efficiency standard equivalent to the	CC/4	That all suitable nonresidential developments permitted will be designed to achieve a minimum water efficiency standard equivalent to the	Since the adoption of the 2018 Local Plan in September 2018 there were 5 applications out of a total of 13 eligible non-residential permissions that	Data only available post September 2018 as relates to particular requirement of policy CC/4	Amber

	BREEAM non-residential standard for 2 credits for water use levels		BREEAM non-residential standard for 2 credits for water use levels.	included a condition to cover water efficiency. Further information in paragraph 3.38 of the report.		
M14	Amount of new development completed within, or likely to adversely affect, internationally or nationally important nature conservation areas	NH/4, NH/5	That there is no new development completed within or that will adversely affect internationally or nationally important nature conservation area(s).	In the 2018/19 monitoring year no new development was completed within, or is considered to adversely affect, nationally or internationally important nature conservation sites in South Cambridgeshire.	Between 2004 and 2019 no new development was completed within, or is considered to adversely affect, nationally or internationally important nature conservation sites in South Cambridgeshire.	Green
M15	Amount of inappropriate development permitted in the Green Belt	S/4, NH/8, NH/9, NH/10	To restrict inappropriate development in the green belt, unless very special circumstances have been accepted that outweigh any harm caused.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year there were no applications for inappropriate development permitted in the Green Belt without very special circumstances	Data from previous years is unavailable, as this is a new indicator for the 2018 Local Plan	Green

				having been accepted that outweighed any harm caused.		
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M16	Amount of development completed within or adjacent to a Protected Village Amenity Area (PVAA) that would have an adverse impact on its character, amenity, tranquillity or function	NH/11	That land within or adjacent to a Protected Village Amenity Area (PVAA) is protected from development that would have an adverse impact on the character, amenity, tranquillity or function.	There were no developments granted permission in the 2018/19 monitoring period which were considered to have an adverse impact on the character, amenity, tranquillity or function of a Protected Village Amenity Area (PVAA).	Data from previous year is unavailable as this is a new indicator.	Green
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M17	Amount of development completed within a Local Green Space that would adversely impact on its character and particular local significance	NH/12	That land designated as a Local Green Space is protected from development that would adversely impact on its character and particular local significance, and that where inappropriate development is completed very special circumstances have been demonstrated and discussions have been undertaken with the local community.	Not available this year. We will aim to provide the missing data in future years.	Not available this year. We will aim to provide the missing data in future years.	Not available this year. We will aim to provide the missing data in future years.
M18	Amount of land adjacent to an Important Countryside Frontage that has	NH/13	That land adjacent to an Important Countryside Frontage is protected from development that	Not available this year. We will aim to provide the missing data in future years.	Historic data available in table 95 of appendix 2.	Not available this year. We will aim to provide the

	been lost to development		would compromise its purposes.			missing data in future years.
M19	Change in areas of biodiversity importance (international, national and local designations)	NH/4, NH/5	That there is no loss in the areas of biodiversity importance as a result of new development where no mitigation has been provided.	Data unavailable this year. We will aim to provide the missing data in future years.	Data unavailable this year. Historic data on SSSI in tables 86 and 87.	Data unavailable this year. We will aim to provide the missing data in future years.
M20	Average net density of all completed new housing developments on sites of 9 or more dwellings at urban extensions, new settlements, Rural Centres, Minor Rural Centres, and Group Villages	H/8	To deliver an average net density of 30 dwellings per hectare (dph) on developments completed in Rural Centres, Minor Rural Centres and Group Villages. To deliver an average net density of 40 dph on developments completed in urban extensions to Cambridge and in new settlements.	In 2018/19 the average density was as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 90.3 dph in the Urban extensions to Cambridge • 35.8 dph in new settlements • 40.3 dph in Rural Centres • 41.2 dph in Minor Rural Centres • 29.2 dph in Group Villages 	Over the period of 2011-2019 the average density was as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 48.7 dph in the Urban extensions to Cambridge • 35.8 dph in new settlements • 33.4 dph in Rural Centres • 46.8 dph in Minor Rural Centres 	Green

					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 27.1 dph in Group Villages 	
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M21	Housing completions by number of bedrooms	H/9	Contextual indicator, to provide information on delivery of a mix of housing to meet the needs of different groups in the community across all housing developments.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year 43% of housing completions were 1 or 2 bedrooms, 28% were 3 bedrooms and 29% 4 bedrooms.	Details for the full period are available in table 26 of appendix 2	N/a contextual indicator
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M22	Market housing permitted on developments of over 10 dwellings by number of bedrooms	H/9	All development proposals of over 10 dwellings permitted will consist of at least 30% 1 or 2 bedroom homes; at least 30% 3 bedroom homes; and at least 30% 4 or more bedroom homes.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year on developments of over 10 dwellings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 30% of completions were 1 or 2 bedrooms, • 33% were 3 bedrooms, and • 37% were 4 bedrooms. 	Figures have varied over the monitoring period. The percentage of 1 and 2 bedrooms fell below the target between the 2014/15 and 2017/18 monitoring years. The percentage of 3 bedrooms fell below the target in 2012/13 and 2013/14 monitoring years.	Green in 2018/19
M23	Affordable housing completions on rural exception sites	H/11	Contextual indicator, to provide information on the delivery of affordable housing on rural exception sites.	34 completions on Rural Exception sites in 2018/19 monitoring year	299 completions on Rural Exception Sites over the period 2011-2019	N/a contextual indicator
M24	Progress towards City Deal commitment to deliver an additional		To contribute to the delivery of an additional 1,000 new homes on rural	Cannot monitor this indicator yet - as set out in the Housing Monitoring Chapter.	Cannot monitor this indicator yet - as set out in the	N/a

	1,000 new homes on rural exception sites		exception sites between 2011 and 2031, as set out in the City Deal agreement (see paragraph 2.75).		Housing Monitoring Chapter.	
M25	Gypsy & Traveller pitches and Travelling Showpeople plots completed	H/20, H/21, H/22	To deliver permanent Gypsy & Traveller pitches, as set out in Policy H/20, which identifies that no pitches are required under the evidence base supporting the Local Plan (Gypsy & Traveller Accommodation Assessment 2016). To deliver at least 11 Travelling Showpeople plots between 2011 and 2031, as set out in Policy H/20.	There was 1 private permanent Gypsy & Traveller pitch completed in the 2018/19 monitoring year.	113 permanent Gypsy and Traveller pitches have been completed between 2011/12 monitoring year and the end of the 2018/19 monitoring year. 10 Travelling Showpeople Plots have been completed between 2011/12 monitoring year and the end of the 2018/19 monitoring year	Green

M26	Meeting the needs of those that meet the planning definition of Gypsies and Travellers and those that do not meet the definition but can demonstrate a cultural need for caravan accommodation	H/20, H/21, H/22	Sufficient sites coming forward to meet identified needs of those that meet the planning definition of Gypsies and Travellers and those that do not meet the definition but can demonstrate a cultural need for	N/a	-	-
			caravan accommodation.			
M27	Number of caravans on unauthorised Gypsy & Traveller sites	H/20, H/21, H/22	Contextual indicator, to provide information for the on-going review of Gypsy and Traveller accommodation needs.	0 in the 2018/19 monitoring year	Table 17 provide data from previous years	N/a contextual indicator

M28	Progress and development on residential allocations at villages (Policy H/1), and at Bayer CropScience Site (Hauxton), Papworth Everard West Central, Fen Drayton Former LSA Estate, Fulbourn and Ida Darwin Hospitals, and Histon & Impington Station area	H/1 – H/5, E/8	Various targets for particular residential allocations	<p>Bayer CropScience – 215 dwellings and 70 extra care apartments have been completed. The employment part of the allocation has not yet had an application.</p> <p>Papworth Everard West – the development on land south of Church Lane was under construction in February 2020. The Catholic Church site has full planning permission.</p>	N/a	Green
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				<p>Fulbourn and Ida Darwin Hospitals – outline planning permission for 203 dwellings granted in November 2019.</p> <p>Histon & Impington Station area – three areas of this site are being brought forward for mixed use developments, as set out in the allocations monitoring chapter.</p>		
M29	Development of Residential Moorings at Chesterton Fen Road, Milton	H/7	To deliver residential boat moorings at Chesterton Fen Road, Milton as allocated through Policy H/7.	No update	No update	N/a

M30	Number of homes completed to the accessible and adaptable dwellings M4(2) standard	H/9	That 5% of homes completed on developments of 20 or more dwellings are built to the accessible and adaptable dwellings M4(2) standard.	In 2018/19 (since the adoption of the new Local Plan in September 2018), 103 dwellings were conditioned to meet with part M4(2) of building regulations; this equates to 13% of the permitted dwellings on sites of 20 or more dwellings.	Data unavailable from previous years as the requirement relates to a policy in the 2018 local plan	Green
M31	Affordable dwellings permitted as a percentage of all dwellings permitted on sites where the policy requiring affordable dwellings applies	H/10	That all developments of 11 dwellings or more, or on development sites of less than 11 dwellings if the total floorspace exceeds 1,000m ² , permitted will provide 40% of the dwellings on site as affordable dwellings, unless the exceptions listed in Policy H/10 can be demonstrated.	On schemes which were eligible to provide affordable housing in South Cambridgeshire in the 2018/19 monitoring year, 33% of dwellings permitted were affordable. Further details in paragraph 3.19.	Historic data available in tables 15 and 16 of appendix 2.	Green

M32	Amount of employment land lost to non-employment uses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total • within development frameworks • to residential development 	E/14	To limit the amount of employment land lost to non-employment uses.	In the 2018/19 monitoring year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0.88ha of employment land was lost to other uses, • 0.83 ha was lost within the development frameworks, and • 0.85ha was lost to residential development. 	In total over the period 2011-2019: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 28.79ha of employment land has been lost to nonemployment uses, • 15.34ha has been lost within the development frameworks, and • 14.58ha has been lost to residential uses. 	N/a contextual indicator
M33	Amount of completed and committed floorspace for retail	E/21 – E/23	Contextual indicator, to provide information on delivery of retail developments.	There was a net increase of 333sqm of retail floorspace in the 2018/19 monitoring year: 187sqm of convenience and 129sqm of durable. In	Over the period of 2011/12 to 2018/19 there was a net increase of 6,607sqm of retail floorspace completed.	N/a contextual indicator

				March 2019 there was 54,372sqm (net) of committed retail floorspace.		
M34	Progress and development on allocations at Cambridge Science Park, land south of Cambridge Biomedical Campus, Fulbourn Road East, for employment uses (Policies E/4 and E/5), Papworth Hospital, Histon & Impington Station area, Dales Manor Business Park (Sawston), Green End Industrial Estate	E/1 – E/6, E/8, H/1:a, H/1:f, H/2, H/4	Various targets for employment allocations.	Cambridge Science Park - at March 2019 there was 1,584 sqm of B1(b) floorspace under construction on site as part of an extension to unit 216a. Details of completions and commitments in the Science Park at March 2019 are included in table 59 and 60. Land south of Cambridge Biomedical Campus – an application has	N/a	Green

	(Gamlingay), Bayer CropScience Site (Hauxton), and Papworth Everard West Central			not yet been submitted.		
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	CropScience Site (Hauxton), and Papworth Everard West Central			<p>Fulbourn Road East – an application has not yet been submitted. Papworth Hospital – an application has not yet been submitted.</p> <p>Green End Industrial Estate, Gamlingay – the site has outline planning permission for residential development, and a reserved matters planning application is being considered.</p>		
M35	Progress of open space allocations	SC/1	To deliver the extensions to existing recreation grounds and new sites for open space allocated through Policy SC/1.	Data unavailable this year	Data unavailable this year	-

M36	Loss of recreation areas, allotments and community orchards resulting from new developments	SC/8	To restrict the loss of recreation areas, allotments and community orchards to other uses.	No recreation areas were lost as a result of developments completed in the 2018/19 monitoring year without recreational areas being re-provided as part of the new development.	Data for previous years is not available	Green
M37	Provision of open space, outdoor recreation and children's play space resulting from new developments	SC/7	Contextual indicator, to provide information on the provision of allotments, community orchards, sports pitches, other outdoor sports facilities, and children's play space in new residential developments.	Data unavailable this year	Data unavailable this year	-
M38	Investment secured for infrastructure and community facilities through developer contributions	TI/8	Contextual indicator, to provide information regarding securing of necessary facilities and / or contributions to support all new development.	Details of S106 money secured and received are available in table 123 and 124	Details of S106 money secured and received are available in table 123 and 124	N/a Contextual indicator

South Cambridgeshire Local Plan (2018) Sustainability Appraisal

Issue	Indicator	Target	Meeting target?
Land	Percentage of new and Converted Dwellings on Previously Developed Land	The Core Strategy included a target that between 1999 and 2016 at least 37% of new dwellings should either be located on previously developed land or utilise existing buildings	In the 2018/19 monitoring year 17% of new and converted dwellings were on previously developed land
Land	Amount and Type of Completed Employment on Previously Developed Land	-	See indicator M4 of the South Cambridgeshire Local Plan
Land	Average Density of New Residential Development Completed	-	In the 2018/19 monitoring year the average density was 52.5 DPH
Pollution (air quality)	Annual average concentration of Nitrogen Dioxide ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) (at monitoring points)	Member States are required to reduce exposure to PM2.5 in urban areas by an average of 20% by 2020 based on 2010 levels. It obliges them to bring exposure levels below 20 micrograms/m ³ by 2015 in these areas. Throughout their territory Member States will need to respect the PM2.5 limit value set at 25	19 at Bar Hill, 14 at Orchard Park School and 18 at Girton Road

Pollution (air quality)	Annual mean number of days when PM10 levels exceeded a daily mean of 50ug/m	-	1 day at each monitoring point (Impington, Orchard Park School and Girton Road)
Pollution (air quality)	No of declared Air Quality Management Areas and locations within 10% of threshold	-	0
Pollution (Water quality)	% of surface waters meet the Water Framework Directive 'good' status or better for water quality	'Good' status or better for water quality in all river basins by 2015	Most recent data available from 2016 in table 81 of appendix 2: Good 7%, Moderate 84%, Poor 7%

Waste reduction and recycling	Amount of municipal waste arising, and managed by management type and the percentage each management type represents of the waste managed	The Joint Municipal Waste Management Strategy for Cambridgeshire and Peterborough 2008-2022 sets targets for the reduction of household waste sent to landfill of: x 55 to 60% of household waste by 2020.	420 tonnes of household waste was collected in 2108/19. 28% of waste collected in 2018/19 was composted. 23% of waste collected in 2018/19 was recycled.
Construction waste	Tonnage of construction and demolition waste produced and proportion that is recycled / reused.	N/A	Data unavailable this year

Biodiversity loss from development	Number of development schemes completing relevant biodiversity avoidance or mitigation measures.	N/A	It is not possible to monitor this indicator as a significant proportion of applications determined employ biodiversity avoidance and mitigation measure.
	Amount of new development within, or likely to adversely affect internationally or nationally important nature conservation areas.	N/a	Between 2004 and 2019 no new development was completed within, or is considered to adversely affect, nationally or internationally important nature conservation sites in South Cambridgeshire.
Biodiversity - Protected sites	Change in area of sites of biodiversity importance (SPA, SAC, RAMSAR, SSSI, NNR, LNR, CWS)	Better wildlife habitats with 90% of priority habitats in favourable or recovering condition and at least 50% of SSSIs in favourable condition, while maintaining at least 95% in favourable or recovering condition	Data unavailable this year.
Biodiversity - Protected sites	% SSSIs in favourable or unfavourable recovering condition	Better wildlife habitats with 90% of priority habitats in favourable or recovering condition and at least 50% of SSSIs in favourable condition, while maintaining at least	Data unavailable for the 2018/19 monitoring year. Previous years data is available in table 87

		95% in favourable or recovering condition	
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Landscape	% planning permission granted which are inconsistent with local landscape character	N/A	Data not available
Landscape	Areas inconsistent with landscape character	N/A	Data not available
-	% of total built-up areas falling within Conservation Areas	N/A	Data unavailable this year. We will aim to provide this information in future years.
Heritage assets	Number of Listed Buildings and number that are at risk	N/A	15 at risk
-	Number of other historic assets, and historic assets at risk	N/A	5 Conservation areas, 1 other building structure, 6 places of worship and 18 scheduled monuments
Places	Satisfaction rating for Quality of the built environment	N/A	Data no longer collected
-	Buildings for Life Assessments – Number of Developments achieving each standard	N/A	Data no longer collected

Climate Change	Carbon Dioxide emissions by sector and per capita	N/A	The most recent data available is from 2017 and is reported in table 79 of appendix 2
Climate Change	Renewable energy capacity installed by type (in MegaWatts)	N/A	A total of 1.5319 MW of renewable energy capacity was installed in the 2018/19 monitoring year. This was made up of 0.5319 MW from photovoltaic, 0.9950 MW from biomass and 0.0050MW from wind.

-	Kilowatt hours of gas consumed per household per year, Kilowatt hours of electricity consumed per household per year	N/A	12,315kw of gas per consumer per year in 2018. 4,496KW electricity per home in the same year.
-	Water consumption per head per day (Cambridge Water Company area)	N/A	In the 2018/19 monitoring year the average water consumption per head per day was 149 litres

-	Amount of new development completed on previously undeveloped functional floodplain land, and in flood risk areas, without agreed flood defence measures	N/A	No development was completed on floodplain 2 or 3 without mitigation measures.
Health	Life expectancy at birth % of residents with a long-term illness (Census data)	N/A	The most up to date information from 2016-2018 shows life expectancy at birth to be 82.8 for males and 83.2 for females.
Crime	Number of recorded crimes per 1000 people	Annual targets in community safety plan	In 2018/19 there were 47.2 crimes per 1,000 people.
Crime	Percentage of people feeling safe after dark	Annual targets in community safety plan	This data is no longer collected.
Housing	Total and percentage of Dwellings completed that are affordable	40% of dwellings permitted on sites of three or more dwellings	341 affordable completions in the 2018/19 monitoring year. This accounts for 30% of all completions.
Housing	House price to earnings ratio	N/A	9.36 in 2018
Housing	Delivery of Extracare Housing	N/A	Data not available.
Housing	Number of new Gypsies and Travellers pitches and Travelling Showpeople plots	85 new Traveller pitches by 2031 and 4 new Travelling Showpeople plots by 2016.	There was 1 private permanent Gypsy & Traveller pitch completed in the

			2018/19 monitoring year.
Inclusive communities	% of residents who feel their local area is harmonious	N/A	This data is no longer collected
Inclusive communities	% of residents that definitely agree or tend to agree that their local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well together	N/A	This data is no longer collected
Inclusive communities	Index of multiple deprivation	N/A	In 2019 South Cambridgeshire has an average deprivation score 8.49.
Inclusive communities	Amount of new residential development within 30 minutes public transport journey time of key services	N/A	Data unavailable
Inclusive communities	% of adults who feel they can influence decisions affecting their local area	V	This data is no longer collected
Inclusive communities	% of residents that 'definitely agree' and 'tend to agree' that they can influence decisions affecting their local area	N/A	This data is no longer collected

Economic Activity	Number of People in Employment	Local Plan seeks to meet objectively assessed needs of 22,000 jobs, 2011 to 2031.	The latest data for 2015-2019 shows 85.2% employed (85,400 people)
Economic Activity	Annual net change in VAT registered firms	N/A	In 2018 the net change was +287
Economic Activity	Industrial composition of employee jobs	N/A	Data unavailable this year. Previous years data can be found in table 58 of Appendix 2.
Work Opportunities	Percentage of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance	N/A	In 2019 625 people were claiming Universal Credits

Work Opportunities	% of Residents aged 16-64 in employment and working within 5km of home or at home (Census data)	N/A	The most recent data is from 2011 when 35% of South Cambridgeshire residents worked within 5km of home
Work Opportunities	Economic Activity Rate	N/A	83.1%
Work Opportunities	Median Gross Household income	N/A	Median gross household income was not available. The medial gross annual income for an individual in 2018 was £37,411
Investments	Investment Secured for Infrastructure and Community Facilities through developer contributions	N/A	In 2018/19 £785,761 of investment was secured through s106 agreements and £231,820.62 was received by the Council.

Investments	Percentage of 15/16 year olds achieving 5 or more GCSE/GNVQ passes at A* to C grade	N/A	This standard has changed since the indicator was written. In the 2018/19 monitoring year 76.1% of students achieved the standards pass in English and Mathematics and 58.2% achieved a strong pass in English and Mathematic.
Transport	Vehicle flows across the South Cambridgeshire – Cambridge City boundary over 12 hour period	N/A	The total number of vehicles on the day of monitoring in 2019 was 218,680 (all modes)
Transport	Cycling trips index	N/A	Data unavailable
Transport	Congestion – average journey time per mile during the am peak environment	N/A	In the most recent monitored period (Sept 2016-August 2017) the average journey time per mile during the AM peak was 4.75 minutes.
Transport	Investment secured for transport infrastructure through developer contributions	N/A	£122667.18 secured for Community Transport
Transport	People killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents	N/A	There were 7 fatal collisions in 2018

Travel - Sustainable transport Car Parking Standards (to ensure standards are helping to meet the objectives of the Local Plan with regards to generating a modal shift towards more sustainable modes of transport)	Number of development schemes implementing minimum or greater provision of cycle parking	100%	Data unavailable
Travel - Reducing journeys made by car	Amount of development within 15 minutes walking distance (1000 meters) and 10 minutes cycling distance (2km) of rural centres	N/A	Data unavailable

North West Cambridge AAP

indicator no.	indicator	type of indicator	targets	Meeting target?
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NWC01	number of student accommodations completed	CORE	To provide an adequate supply of land for housing for development (1) for 2,000 University students, and (2) for 3,000 open market and affordable dwellings. The total housing completions and annual rate of completions for North West Cambridge will be monitored against the North West Cambridge AAP housing trajectory in each Council's Annual Monitoring Report	0 student bedrooms completed in 2018/19. 0 student bedrooms completed in 2017/18. 325 student bedrooms completed in 2016/17 on Lot 5. Overall 325 student bedrooms completed.
NWC01	number of housing completions	CORE	As above	410 units completed in the 2018/19 monitoring year at M1 & M2 (146 units) and Lot 2 (264 units). 353 units completed in the 2017/18 monitoring year at M1 & M2 (4 units), Lot 1 (117 units) and Lot 3 (232 units). 73 units completed in the 2016/17 monitoring year at Lot 8.

				Overall 836 units completed.
NWC02	housing density	CORE	At least 50 dwellings per hectare average net density.	<p>Density of 194 dph achieved in 20182019, on Lot 2.</p> <p>Density of 160 dph achieved in 2017-</p>
				<p>2018, on Lots 1 & 3.</p> <p>Density of 152 dph achieved in 20162017, on Lot 8.</p> <p>Overall density of 171 dph achieved so far.</p>

NWC03	%affordable housing	CORE	At least 50% affordable housing must be provided to meet the needs of Cambridge University and College Key Workers	<p>264 affordable units completed in the 2018/19 monitoring at Lot 2.</p> <p>349 affordable units completed in the 2017/18 monitoring year at Lot 1 (117 units) and Lot 3 (232 units).</p> <p>73 units completed in the 2016/17 monitoring year at Lot 8.</p> <p>Overall 686 affordable units completed.</p>
NWC04	employment land supply by type	CORE	(1) 100,000m2 of employment and academic development; (2) Approximately 60,000m2 of higher education uses, including academic faculty development and a University Conference Centre, within Use Class D1.	No completions from these uses at 31 March 2019.
NWC05	employment uses in local centre	CORE	100% of completed development for B1 uses in the local Centre in units not exceeding 300 m2.	200 sqm of B1a completed at Lot 1 in 2017/18.

NWC06	distance to public transport	LOCAL	Majority of development within 400m of a bus stop.	It is not possible to monitor this indicator until the development has completed.
NWC07	amount of completed nonresidential development which complies with parking standards	CORE	Car parking standards are set out in Appendices 1 and 2.	Data unavailable
NWC08	public open space and recreation facilities	LOCAL	Standards for provision of public open space and recreation facilities are set out in Appendix 3. Protection of Traveller's Rest Pit SSSI and surrounding geodiversity.	It is not possible to monitor this indicator until the development has completed.
NWC09	amount of development in line with the code for sustainable homes	LOCAL	Amount of residential development designed in line with the Code for Sustainable Homes: (1) Percentage approved on or before 31 March 2013 designed to meet Code level 4 or higher, up to a maximum of 50 dwellings; (2) Percentage approved after 1 April 2013, designed to Code level 5 or higher. Amount of non-residential development designed in line with BREEAM: (1) Percentage approved designed to "Excellent" standards.	Data unavailable – The code for sustainable homes has now been superseded

NWC09	Percentage approved on or before 31 March 2013 designed to meet Code level 4 or higher, up to a maximum of 50 dwellings;	LOCAL	Amount of residential development designed in line with the Code for Sustainable Homes: (1) Percentage approved on or before 31 March 2013 designed to meet Code level 4 or higher, up to a maximum of 50 dwellings; (2) Percentage approved after 1 April 2013, designed to Code level 5 or higher. Amount of non-residential development designed in line with BREEAM: (1) Percentage approved designed to "Excellent" standards.	Data unavailable
NWC09	Percentage approved after 1 April 2013, designed to Code level 5 or higher.	LOCAL	Amount of residential development designed in line with the Code for Sustainable Homes: (1) Percentage approved on or before 31 March 2013 designed to meet Code level 4 or higher, up to a maximum of 50 dwellings; (2) Percentage approved after 1 April 2013, designed to Code level 5 or higher. Amount of non-residential development designed in line with BREEAM: (1) Percentage approved designed to "Excellent" standards.	Data unavailable
NWC09	Amount of nonresidential development designed in line with BREEAM:	LOCAL	Amount of residential development designed in line with the Code for Sustainable Homes: (1) Percentage approved on or before 31 March 2013 designed to meet Code level 4 or higher, up to a maximum of 50 dwellings; (2) Percentage approved after 1 April 2013, designed to Code level 5 or higher.	Data unavailable

			Amount of non-residential development designed in line with BREEAM: (1) Percentage approved designed to “Excellent” standards.	
NWC10	Percentage approved designed to	CORE	(1) Percentage of the non-residential development and	Data unavailable
	"Excellent" standards.		student accommodation energy requirements provided by renewable energy (at least 20% required if renewable CHP is not viable); (2) Percentage of the development served by a CHP plant or a District Heating Scheme fuelled by renewable energy sources.	
NWC10	Distance to public transport	CORE	student accommodation energy requirements provided by renewable energy (at least 20% required if renewable CHP is not viable); (2) Percentage of the development served by a CHP plant or a District Heating Scheme fuelled by renewable energy sources.	Data unavailable
NWC10	Percentage of the development served by a CHP plant or a District Heating Scheme fuelled by renewable energy sources.	CORE	student accommodation energy requirements provided by renewable energy (at least 20% required if renewable CHP is not viable); (2) Percentage of the development served by a CHP plant or a District Heating Scheme fuelled by renewable energy sources.	Data unavailable

NWC11	Percentage of residential development approved on or before 31 March 2013 which reduces water consumption by 30%, based on 2006 per capita levels; and	LOCAL	1) Percentage of residential development approved on or before 31 March 2013 which reduces water consumption by 30%, based on 2006 per capita levels; and (2) Percentage of residential development approved after 1 April 2013, which reduces water consumption by 47% based on 2006 per capita levels.	Data unavailable
NWC11	Percentage of residential development approved after 1 April 2013, which reduces water consumption by 47% based on 2006 per capita levels.	LOCAL	1) Percentage of residential development approved on or before 31 March 2013 which reduces water consumption by 30%, based on 2006 per capita levels; and (2) Percentage of residential development approved after 1 April 2013, which reduces water consumption by 47% based on 2006 per capita levels.	Data unavailable
NWC12	S106 moneys secured for infrastructure and community facilities	CORE	Trigger points set out in S106 agreements or planning obligations.	Data provided in table 129-132

North West Cambridge AAP Sustainability Appraisal

Indicator description	indicator type	Meeting target
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Total deliverable amount of affordable housing Occupancy rates of affordable housing (key worker)	Significant effects indicators	See Indicator NWC03. Occupancy rate data unavailable but may be possible to monitor once the development is complete.
Occupancy rates	Significant effects indicators	Data unavailable
Average house prices	Significant effects indicators	In September 2018 the average house prices for Cambridge was £430,000 and for South Cambridgeshire was £362,250
No of journeys by (i) type and (ii) mode	Significant effects indicators	Data unavailable
No of jobs on site	Significant effects indicators	Data unavailable
type of jobs on site	Significant effects indicators	Data unavailable
Nox levels	Significant effects indicators	Bellow annual objection in all measuring points in South Cambridgeshire
PM levels	Significant effects indicators	Below 50µg/m ³ in all measuring points in South Cambridgeshire
Incidents of flooding	Significant effects indicators	Data unavailable
no of buildings achieving the required levels of building sustainability	Significant effects indicators	Data unavailable

Per capita water consumption	Significant effects indicators	Development at North West Cambridge was conditioned to achieve 80L per person per day
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Cambridge Southern Fringe AAP

indicator no	indicator	type of indicator	Targets	Meeting target?																																																
CSF01	Total Housing Completions / Annual Rate	core	At least 600 dwellings in South Cambridge shire	<p>322 dwellings completed at Trumpington Meadows in South Cambridgeshire are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lots 1-5: 29 dwellings • Lot 8: 25 dwellings • Lot 9: 122 dwellings • Local Centre: 40 dwellings • Riverside: 42 dwellings • Lots 10 & 11: 64 dwellings <p>In 2018/19, 106 dwellings were completed at Riverside and Lots 10 & 11.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parcel</th> <th>2014 / 15</th> <th>2015 / 16</th> <th>2016 / 17</th> <th>2017 / 18</th> <th>2018 / 19</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1-5</td> <td>29</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>23</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>39</td> <td>83</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Local Centre</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>40</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Riverside</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>42</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10&11</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>64</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOTAL</td> <td>29</td> <td>2</td> <td>62</td> <td>123</td> <td>106</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Parcel	2014 / 15	2015 / 16	2016 / 17	2017 / 18	2018 / 19	1-5	29					8		2	23			9			39	83		Local Centre				40		Riverside					42	10&11					64	TOTAL	29	2	62	123	106
Parcel	2014 / 15	2015 / 16	2016 / 17	2017 / 18	2018 / 19																																															
1-5	29																																																			
8		2	23																																																	
9			39	83																																																
Local Centre				40																																																
Riverside					42																																															
10&11					64																																															
TOTAL	29	2	62	123	106																																															
CSF02	Housing Density	core	At least 50 dwellings per hectare	Average density in Trumpington Meadows of 51.9 in the previous monitoring year. The																																																

				overall density over the plan period so far (2011-2019) is below the target at 48.5
CSF0 3	Housing Mix	core	1) At least 50% of homes with 1 or 2 bedrooms 2) Approximately 25% of homes with 3 bedrooms 3) Approximately 25% of homes with 4 or more bedrooms	In 2018/19: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 61% of units were 1 & 2 bedrooms • 12% were 3 bedrooms • 27% were 4 bedrooms For the whole plan period (2011-2019): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 57% were 1 & 2 bedrooms • 17% were 3 bedrooms • 26% were 4 bedrooms
CSF0 4	Employment Land supply by type	core	Cambridge Southern Fringe will need to provide small scale local employment, as part of a development with an appropriate mix of uses	The Local Centre was completed in 2017/18 providing D1, A2, A3 and retail uses.
CSF0 5	Distance to public transport	Local	All development within 600m of a stop on dedicated local Busway or 400m of other	It is not possible to monitor this indicator until the development has completed.

			local bus stops	
CSF06	Distance to public open space	Local	Formal sports pitches within 1000m; No home more than 100m from a LAP; No home more than 240m from a LEAP; No home more than 600m from a NEAP or SIP	It is not possible to monitor this indicator until the development has completed.

Cambridge Southern Fringe AAP Sustainability Appraisal

Indicator	type	threshold	Meeting target
Brownfield land stock	Important local context indicator	Dynamic, depends on consumption of existing stock and future needs	Data unavailable

Housing completed on brownfield land in last year	Important local output indicator	37% (Structure Plan target). Also 42% - suggests brownfield stock is being used to quickly	In 2018/19, 106 dwellings completed on greenfield land at Trumpington Meadows (in South Cambridgeshire). Between 2011 and 2019, 293 dwellings completed at Trumpington Meadows (in South Cambridgeshire) on greenfield land and 29 dwellings completed on brownfield land.
Hectarage of employment land completed on brownfield land in last year	important local output indicator	Dynamic, depends on consumption of existing stock and future needs	No B1-B8 employment land completed at Trumpington Meadows.
Gas consumption (KwH) per home per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Any increase (since this suggests adverse trend on a wide scale)10	Gas consumption for South Cambridgeshire in 2018 was 12,315kw per consumer per year
Electricity consumption (KwH) per home per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Any increase (since this suggests adverse trend on a wide scale)10	Electricity consumption in South Cambridgeshire in 2018 was 4496kw per consumer per year
% of new homes achieving the EcoHomes 'good' standard	important local output indicator	75%?	Data unavailable
Water consumption per household per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	75%?	Water consumption for Greater Cambridge is 149L per person per day

% of SSSIs in favourable or unfavourable recovering condition	Local context indicator	Any reversal in improvement rate shown in recent years (review once achievement is over 90%?)	No data on SSSIs in South Cambridgeshire for 2018. Data from previous years in table 86.
Achievement of BAP targets for habitats & species	Local output indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable
% of rights of way open and in good condition	Local output indicator	Initially at least 65%, but should be increased over time	Data unavailable
Levels of usage of rights of way and other sites	Local output indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable
% of listed buildings at risk	Local context indicator (proxy for development pressure)	To be determined	0.55% in South Cambridgeshire
% of developments in or within 400m of a conservation area, SMR or similar	Local context indicator (proxy for development pressure)	To be determined	Data unavailable
Satisfaction with quality of the built environment	Local output indicator	75% satisfaction 20% concern with deterioration	Data unavailable
CO2 emissions per dwelling / year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	The most recent data for South Cambridgeshire puts carbon dioxide emissions from domestic sources at 1.6 tonnes per capita in 2017

Background NO ₂ /NO _x levels	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	40g/m ³	Air quality information is provided in tables 72-76 of Appendix 2
Background PM levels	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	40g/m ³ to end 2005 then 20g/m ³	Air quality information is provided in tables 72-76 of Appendix 2
% of main water courses in good or fair quality	local context indicator		No data available this year. Data from previous years available in table 81 of Appendix 2
Number of substantiated public complaints about odours, noise, light and other problems	local context indicator		Data unavailable and indicator not monitored.
Household waste collected per household / year	Local output indicator	To be determined (based on BVPI target)	In South Cambridgeshire in 2018/19 420kg per household per year
% household waste from which value is recovered	Local output indicator	40% (2005)	In the 2018/19 monitoring year 51.07% of waste was recycled.
Number of properties at risk from flooding	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	to be determined	Data unavailable
Life expectancy at birth	local context indicator	Any reduction	82.8 (males) and 85.7 (females) in South Cambridgeshire
Exercise levels	local context indicator	to be determined	68.3% of South Cambridgeshire residents are physically active

Number of people commuting on foot or cycle	local context indicator	To be determined, though should be at least 30% for travel plans	Data unavailable
Recorded crimes per 1000 people	local context indicator	any increase?	A slight reduction in South Cambridgeshire on the previous monitoring year. See table 118 in Appendix 2.

% of residents feeling safe or fairly safe after dark	local context indicator	Any reduction	Data unavailable.
Hectareage of strategic open space	Local output indicator	To be determined (not clear what national targets exist at present)	Data unavailable.
% of population in categories 1-3 for access to a range of basic amenities	Local output indicator	Any reduction, and any failure to meet spatial targets in AAPs (for example, policies NS/6 & NS/8 in Northstowe AAP)	Data unavailable.
Available capacity in local primary and secondary schools	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined based on discussions with ed. Authority	Data unavailable.
% of residents who feel their local neighbourhood is harmonious	Local output indicator	Any reduction	Data unavailable.

House price / earnings ratio	significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined, but initially set at 5 as indicative of wider national conditions	House price to earning ratio in 2018 were 9.36
% of homes judged unfit to inhabit or of sub-standard quality	significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable.
House completions available under 'affordable' funding / tenancy	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	50% (or target in Development Control Policies if this changes)	Between the 2011/12 monitoring year and the 2017/18 monitoring year there have been a total of 1,482 affordable completions in South Cambridgeshire and 2,505 in Cambridge.

% of adults who feel they can influence decisions	local context indicator	to be determined	Data unavailable.
Usage levels for community facilities in new development	Local output indicator	to be determined	Data unavailable.
Unemployment level	Local output indicator	0.5% increase in any 12-month period	Details of employment levels and number of people claiming Universal Credits are available in tables 61 and 62 of Appendix 2.
% of economically active residents working within 5kms of home	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Reduction below 35%	The 2011 census data shows that 35% of South Cambridgeshire residents would within 5km of home or at home.

% of pupils achieving 5 or more A* to C GCSE grades	local context indicator	To be determined (through discussion with education authority)	This standard has changed since the indicator was written. In the 2018/19 monitoring year 76.1% of students achieved the standards pass in English and Mathematics and 58.2% achieved a strong pass in English and Mathematic.
Level or value of developer contributions in the current year	Local output indicator	to be determined	Data provided in tables 127 and 128
Net annual growth in VAT registered firms	local context indicator	Shrinkage of >0.1% in the year	A net growth of 287 in 2018
Economic activity rate	local context indicator	Change of -2% or more	83.1% in South Cambridgeshire in the 2018/19 monitoring year
Sectoral split of employment	Local output indicator	To be determined (threshold needs to reflect shifts in sectoral balances)	Data unavailable for the 2018/19 monitoring year. Previous years data available in table 58 of Appendix 2

Northstowe AAP

Indicator number	Indicator	Type of Indicator	Targets	Meeting target?
NS01	Total Housing Completions / Annual Rate	Core	4,800 by 2016 / 650 per year	268 houses completed in the 2018/19 monitoring year.
NS02	Housing Density	Core		Parcel H1 was completed in 2018/19 and has a density of 36 dph. No other parcels have yet been wholly completed.
NS03	Housing Mix	Core	1) 25% to 30% of homes with 1 or 2 bedrooms 2) In the range of 35% to 40% of home with 3 bedrooms 3) In the range of 30% to 35% of homes with 4 or more bedrooms	In 2018/19 1&2 bedrooms = 32% 3 bedrooms = 41% bedrooms = 25% Total completions 1&2 bedrooms = 26% 3 bedrooms = 46% 4 bedrooms = 28% Total completions 1&2 bedrooms = 26% 5 bedrooms = 46% 6 bedrooms = 28%
NS04	Employment Land Supply by type	Core	Provide for approximately 20 hectares of employment land over the AAP period.	No employment land delivered yet at Northstowe.
NS05	Distance to Public Transport	Local	All development within 600m of a stop on dedicated local busway or	It is not possible to monitor this indicator until the development has completed.

			400m of other local bus stops.	
NS06	Distance to public Open Space	Local	Formal sports pitches within 1,000m; No home more than a 1 minute walk (i.e. 100m actual walking distance) from a Local Area for Play (LAP); No home more than a 5 minute walk (i.e. 400m actual walking distance) from a Local Equipped Area for Play (LEAP); No home more than a 15 minute walk (i.e. 1,000m actual walking distance) from a	It is not possible to monitor this indicator until the development has completed.
			Neighbourhood Equipped Area for Play (NEAP) or Space for Imaginative Play (SIP).	

Northstowe AAP Sustainability Appraisal

Indicator	Type	Threshold	Meeting target?
Brownfield land stock	Important local context indicator	Dynamic, depends on consumption of existing stock and future needs ⁸	Data unavailable
Housing completed on brownfield land in last year	Important local output indicator	37% (Structure Plan target). Also 42% - suggests brownfield stock is being used to quickly	All homes completed at Northstowe so far have been on greenfield land.
Hectareage of employment land completed on brownfield land in last year	Local output indicator	Dynamic, depends on existing stock and future needs (see above)	No employment land delivered yet at Northstowe.
Gas consumption (KwH) per home per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Any increase (since this suggests adverse trend on a wide scale) ⁹	In South Cambridgeshire 12,315kw per consumer per year in 2018.
Electricity consumption (KwH) per home per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	As above	Electricity consumption in South Cambridgeshire in 2018 was 4496kw per home per year
% of new homes achieving the EcoHomes 'good' standard	Important local output indicator	75%?	Data unavailable
Water consumption per household per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	As above	Water consumption for Greater Cambridge is 149L per person per day
% of SSSIs in favourable or unfavourable recovering condition	Local context indicator	Any reversal in improvement rate shown in recent years (review once achievement is over 90%?)	No data available for South Cambridgeshire in 2018. Data from previous years in table 86.

Achievement of BAP targets for habitats & species	Local output indicator ¹⁰	To be determined	Data unavailable
% of rights of way open and in good condition ¹¹	Local output indicator	Initially at least 65%, but should be increased over time	Data unavailable
Levels of usage of rights of way and other sites	Local output indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable
% of listed buildings at risk	Local context indicator (proxy for development pressure)	To be determined	0.55% in South Cambridgeshire
% of developments in or within 400m of a conservation area, SMR or similar	Local context indicator (proxy for development pressure)	To be determined	Data unavailable
Satisfaction with quality of the built environment	Local output indicator	75% satisfaction 20% concern with deterioration	Data unavailable
CO ₂ emissions per dwelling / year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	The most recent data for South Cambridgeshire puts carbon dioxide emissions from domestic sources at 1.6 tonnes per capita in 2017
Background NO ₂ /NO _x levels	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	40 < g/m ³	Air quality information is provided in tables 72-76 of Appendix 2.

Background PM ₁₀ levels	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	40 < g/m ³ to end 2005 then 20 < g/m ³	Air quality information is provided in tables 72-76 of Appendix 2.
% of main water courses in good or fair quality	Local context indicator	94%	No data available this year. Data from previous years available in table 81 of Appendix 2.
Number of substantiated public complaints about odours, noise, light and other problems	Local context indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable

Household waste collected per household / year	Local output indicator	To be determined (based on BVPI target)	420kg of household waste per household was collected in 2108/19.
% household waste from which value is recovered	Local output indicator	40% (2005)	28% of waste collected in 2018/19 was composted. 23% of waste collected in 2018/19 was recycled.
Number of properties at risk from flooding	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable
Life expectancy at birth	Local context indicator	Any reduction	The most up to date information from 2016-2018 shows life expectancy at birth to be 82.8 for males and 83.2 for females.

Exercise levels ¹²	Local output indicator	To be determined	In 2017/18 68.3% of South Cambridgeshire residents were physically active
Number of people commuting on foot or cycle	Local output indicator	To be determined, though should be at least 30% for new development	Data unavailable
Recorded crimes per 1000 people ¹³	Local context indicator	Any increase (?)	In 2018/19 there were 47.2 crimes per 1,000 people.
% of residents feeling safe or fairly safe after dark	Local context indicator	Any reduction	Data unavailable
Hectareage of strategic open space ¹⁴	Local output indicator	To be determined (not clear what national targets exist at present)	Data unavailable
% of population in categories 1-3 for access to a range of basic amenities ¹⁵	Local output indicator	Any reduction, and any failure to meet spatial targets in AAPs (eg. policies NS/6 & NS/8 in Northstowe AAP)	Data unavailable
Available capacity in local primary and secondary schools	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined based on discussions with ed. authority ¹⁶	Data unavailable

% of residents who feel their local neighbourhood is harmonious ¹⁷	Local output indicator	Any reduction	Data unavailable
House price / earnings ratio	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined, but initially set at 5 as indicative of wider national conditions	In 2018, 9.36 in South Cambridgeshire
% of homes judged unfit to inhabit or of sub-standard quality	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable

House completions available under 'affordable' funding / tenancy	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	50% (or target in Core Strategy if this changes)	Between the 2011/12 monitoring year and the 2017/18 monitoring year there have been a total of 1,482 affordable completions in South Cambridgeshire and 2,505 in Cambridge.
% of adults who feel they can influence decisions	Local context indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable
Usage levels for community facilities in new development 18	Local output indicator	To be determined	Data unavailable
Unemployment level	Local output indicator	+0.5% increase in any 12month period	Details of employment levels and number of people claiming Universal Credits are available in tabular data in the employment data section of Appendix 2.
% of economically active residents working within 5kms of home	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Reduction below 35%	The most recent data is from 2011 when 35% of South Cambridgeshire residents worked within 5km of home
% of pupils achieving 5 or more A* to C GCSE grades	Local context indicator	To be determined (through discussion with education authority)	This standard has changed since the indicator was written. In the 2018/19 monitoring year 76.1% of

			students achieved the standards pass in English and Mathematics and 58.2% achieved a strong pass in English and Mathematic.
Level or value of developer contributions in the current year	Local output indicator	To be determined	£30 million for phase 1 and £70 million for phase 2 has been secured.
Net annual growth in VAT registered firms	Local context indicator	Shrinkage of >0.1% in the year	In 2018 the net change was +287
Economic activity rate	Local context indicator	Change of –2% or more	83.1% in 2018/19 (reduction of 1.8% on previous year)
Sectoral split of employment	Local output indicator	To be determined (threshold needs to reflect shifts in sectoral balances)	No data for 2018/19. Data from previous years available in table 58 of Appendix 2.

Cambridge East AAP

Indicator No.	Indicator	Related policies	Targets	Meeting target?
CE01	total housing completions	CE/7	CE03	N/a
CE02	density	CE/7	At least 50 dwellings per hectare	N/a

CE03	housing mix	CE/7	No specific target - Cambridge East should provide a mix of housing sizes that address the level of need for smaller 1 and 2 bedroom homes in the Cambridge area whilst at the same time creating a balanced community for the long term.	N/a
CE04	amount of/type of employment land completions	CE/8	Equivalent of 20-25 hectares of employment	N/a
CE05	Distance to public transport	CE/11	All development within 600m of a stop on dedicated local busway or 400m of other local bus stops. The Total housing completions and annual rate of completions for Cambridge East will be monitored through the Cambridge East housing trajectory.	N/a

CE06	Distance to protected open space	CE/20	Formal sports pitches within 15 minutes walk; No home more than one minute's walk (i.e 100m actual walk distance) from a LAP; no home more than five minutes walk (i.e 400m actual walk distance) from a LEAP; no home more than 15 minutes walk (i.e 1,000m actual walk distance) from a NEAP or SIP.	N/a
CE07	renewable energy installed by type	CE/24	Renewable energy to provide at least 10% of predicted energy requirements	N/a
CE08	infrastructure secured through S106	CE/35, CE/9	Targets to be detailed through s.46 agreement or planning obligations	N/a

Outline permission for 1,300 dwellings was granted in November 2016 on Land North of Newmarket Road (WING). Detailed planning permission for 239 dwellings and non-residential floorspace was granted in September 2019. Members resolved to approve outline permission for 1,200 dwellings at Land North of Cherry Hinton in May 2020. As the allocation has not progressed sufficiently to monitor, no data is currently provided. We will provide data in future once

development on site begins to progress.

Cambridge East AAP Sustainability Appraisal

Indicator	type	Threshold	Meeting Target?
Brownfield Land stock	important local context indicator	Dynamic, depends on consumption of existing stock and future needs	N/a
housing completed on brownfield land in last year	important local output indicator	SCDC 37% (Structure Plan target). Also 42% - suggests brownfield stock is being used to quickly CCC 60% target by 2004/5	N/a
hectarage of employment land competed on brownfield land in last year	Local output indicator	Dynamic, depends on existing stock and future needs	N/a
Gas consumption per home per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Any increase (since this suggests adverse trend on a wide scale) ¹¹	N/a
electricity consumption (KwH) per home per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	Any increase (since this suggests adverse trend on a wide scale) ¹¹	N/a

% of new homes achieving the EcoHomes 'good' standard	important local output indicator	75%?	N/a
Water consumption per household per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	75%?	N/a
of SSSIs in favourable or unfavourable recovering condition	Local context indicator	Any reversal in improvement rate shown in recent years (review once achievement rate is over 90%)	N/a
Achievement of BAP targets for habitats & species	Local output indicator	To be determined	N/a
% of rights of way open and in good condition	Local output indicator	Initially at least 65% but should be increased over time	N/a
Levels of usage of rights of way and other sites	Local output indicator	To be determined	N/a
% of Listed Buildings at risk	Local context indicator (proxy for development pressure)	To be determined	N/a

% of developments in or within 400m of a conservation area, SMR or similar	Local context indicator (proxy for development pressure)	To be determined	N/a
Satisfaction with the quality of the build environment	Local output indicator	SCDC 75% satisfaction 20% concern deterioration CCC not known	N/a

CO2 emissions per dwelling per year	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	N/a
Background No2 / Nox levels	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	SCDS 40 g/m3 ccc not knows	N/a
Background PM10 levels	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	SCDC 40g/m3 to end 2005 then 20g/m3 CCC Not known	N/a
% of main water courses in good or fair quality	local context indicator	SCDC 94% CCC Not known	N/a
No. substantiated public complaints about odours, noise, light and other problems	Local context indicator	To be determined	N/a

Household waste collected per household per year	Local output indicator	SCDC To be determined (based on BVPI target) CCC 460 kg by 2006/7	N/a
% household waste from which value is recovered	Local output indicator	SCDC 40% (2005) CCC Not known	N/a
No. of properties at risk from flooding	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined	N/a
Life expectancy at birth	Local context indicator	Any reduction	N/a
Exercise levels	Local output indicator	To be determined	N/a

No of people commuting on foot or cycle	Local output indicator	To be determined, though should be at least 30% for new development	N/a
Recorded crimes per 1000 people	Local context indicator	Any increase?	N/a
% of residents feeling safe or fairly safe after dark	Local context indicator	Any reduction	N/a
Hectarage of strategic open space	Local output indicator	To be determined (not clear what national targets exist at present)	N/a

% of population in categories 1-3 for access to a range of basic amenities	Local output indicator	Any reduction and any failure to meet spatial targets in Aaps	N/a
Available capacity in local primary and secondary schools	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	to be determined based on discussions with the education authority	N/a
% of residents who feel their local neighbourhood is harmonious	Local output indicator	any reduction	N/a
House price / earnings ratio	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	To be determined, but initially set at 5 as indicative of wider national conditions	N/a
% of homes judged unfit to inhabit or of sub-standard quality	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	to be determined	N/a

House completions available under 'affordable' funding / tenancy	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	SCDC 50% (or target in Development Control Policies) CCC 40%	N/a
% of adults who feel they can influence decisions	Local context indicator	to be determined	N/a

Usage levels for community facilities in new development	Local output indicator	to be determined	N/a
unemployment level	Local output indicator	0.5% increase in any 12-month period	N/a
% of economically active residents working within 5km of home	Significant (adverse) impact indicator	SCDC Reduction below 35% CCC Not known	N/a
% of pupils achieving 5 or more A* to C GCSE grades	Local context indicator	to be determined (early discussions with education authority)	N/a
Level or value of developer contributions in the current year	Local output indicator	to be determined	N/a
Net annual growth in VAT registered firms	Local context indicator	SCDC Shrinkage of >0.1% in the year CCC Not known	N/a
Economic activity rate	Local context indicator	Change of -2% or more	N/a
Sectoral split of employment	Local output indicator	To be determined	N/a

Outline permission for 1,300 dwellings was granted in November 2016 on Land North of Newmarket Road (WING). Detailed planning permission for 239 dwellings and non-residential floorspace was granted in September 2019. Members resolved to approve outline permission for 1,200 dwellings at Land North of Cherry Hinton in May 2020. As the allocation has not progressed sufficiently to monitor, no data is currently provided. We will provide data in future once development on site begins to progress.